

SCM-PDS-HFCT

Cable Partial Discharge Monitoring

User Manual



Version: 1.10

Revision: 2025.07

Read me

When you use HFCT partial discharge monitoring, be sure to read this user manual carefully, and be able to fully understand the implications, the correct guidance of operations in accordance with user manual, which will help you make better use of HFCT partial discharge monitoring, and help to solve the various problems at the scene.

1. Always keep safe distance between the high voltage part and the instrument, probe and operator.
2. Measurements must not be taken when thunderstorms are nearby.
3. Do not operate the instrument or accessories in explosive atmospheres.
4. After the battery alarm of the instrument, please turn off the power to charge.
5. Do not open the instrument without permission, this will affect the warranty of the product. The factory is not responsible for self-disassembly.
6. When the instrument is transported, it should avoid rain erosion and prevent collision and falling.
7. When storing and keeping the instrument, attention should be paid to the ambient temperature and humidity, and it should be protected from dust, moisture, shock, acid, and corrosive gas.



- **Please read this user manual carefully**
- **Please save this document**

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1.- SUMMARIZE

The HFCT partial discharge sensor is designed for real-time monitoring of cable insulation conditions during operation. It adopts high-frequency pulse current detection technology and a Split-core structure, enabling non-intrusive detection of discharge signals on cable grounding lines. Powered by DC 12–24V, it communicates with the host system via RS485 shielded twisted pair using MODBUS protocol.

With features such as real-time pulse monitoring, automatic fault alarms, and flexible terminal expansion, the system enhances early fault detection and improves the safety and reliability of power systems. Additional monitoring terminals can be easily added without affecting existing devices, supporting scalable and efficient partial discharge monitoring solutions.

FEATURES

- DC12-24V wide voltage power supply;
- RS485/ MODBUS RTU communication;
- 4 seconds PD data sampling cycle;
- 1pC sensitivity high-frequency current detection;
- Split-core type HFCT transformers installation;
- Magnetic mounting adapts to various cable compartments;

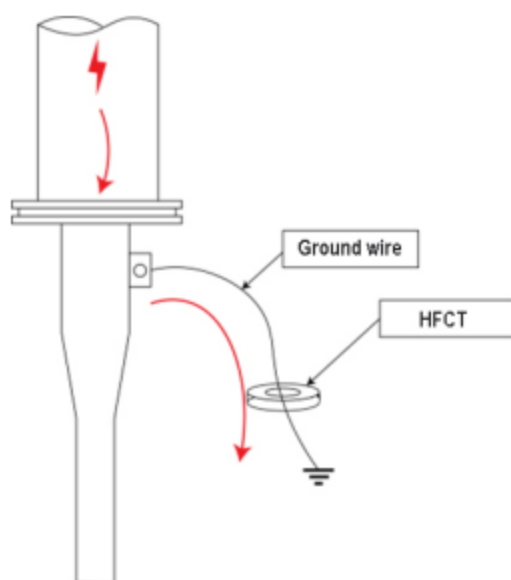
APPLICATIONS

- Power plants cable system status monitoring;
- GIS systems ground wire partial discharge monitoring;
- Substations, power distribution, and MV/HV transmission lines;
- Transportation infrastructure power line status monitoring ;
- Petrochemical industry Power supply systems;
- Urban distribution networks and underground cable tunnels;

2.- WORKING PRINCIPLE

The High-Frequency Current Transformer (HFCT) method is a non-invasive technique for detecting partial discharges (PD) in medium- and high-voltage equipment such as cables, transformers, and switchgear. PD events generate high-frequency current pulses (in the MHz range) that propagate along the grounding path.

An HFCT sensor clamped around the grounding conductor captures these pulses and converts them into voltage signals via a high-bandwidth ferrite core. After amplification and filtering, the processed signals are analyzed to determine the type and severity of PD activity.



To enable centralized monitoring and remote diagnostics, processed PD data is transmitted via the RS485 interface using the Modbus RTU protocol. This ensures seamless integration with SCADA systems, condition monitoring platforms, or intelligent electronic devices, supporting real-time data access, alarm notifications, and historical trend analysis across multiple points.

3.- SPECIFICATION

Partial discharge sensor

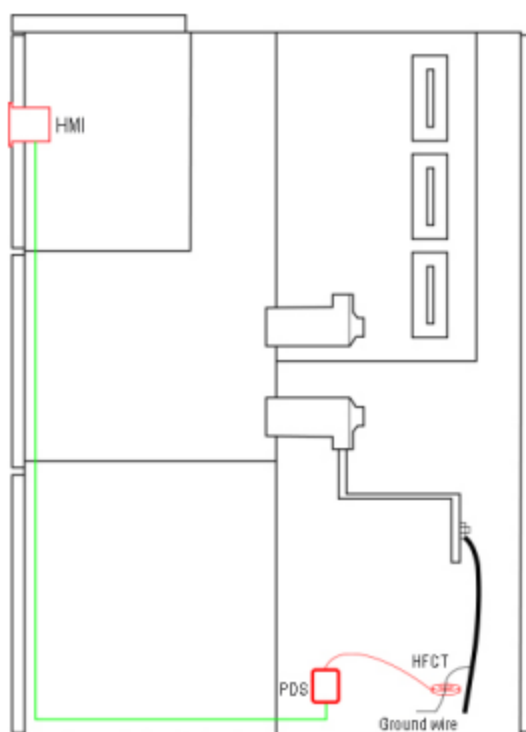
Power supply	24VDC
Monitoring type	High-frequency pulse current
Detection range	1-5000pC
Sensitivity	1pC
Acquisition frequency band	1MHz-100MHz
Communication protocol	RS485/ MODBUS RTU; baud rate: 9600 bit/s
Operating temperature	-30-70°C
Sampling cycle	4S
Dimensions	134mm*100mm*42mm (W*H*D)
Mounting method	Magnetic mounting

High-frequency pulse CT

Monitoring principle	Rogowski Coil
Monitoring frequency band	3-80MHz
Sensitivity	1pC
Matching impedance	50Ω
Protection level	IP68
Inner diameter	82*82*32mm (W*H*D), hole size: 30mm
Mounting method	Split-core current sensor
Mounting location	Cable Ground Wire
Operating temperature	-55°C to +85°C

4.- INSTALLATION AND START-UP

4.1.- PD sensor Installation method



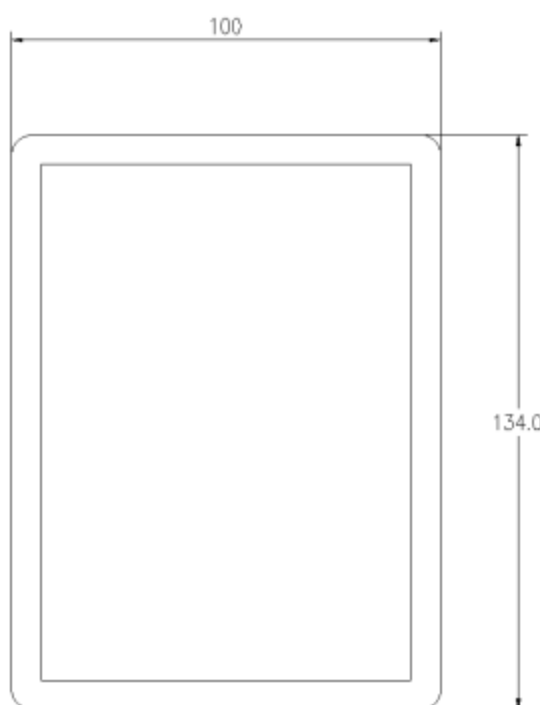
Step 1: Magnetically mount the PD sensor in the cable compartment.

Step 2: Clamp the HFCT on the grounding wire with correct orientation.

Step 3: Connect HFCT to the PD sensor via coaxial cable.

Step 4: Connect power and communication lines between PDS and HMI.

4.2.- PD sensor dimension: 134*100*42mm (W*H*D)

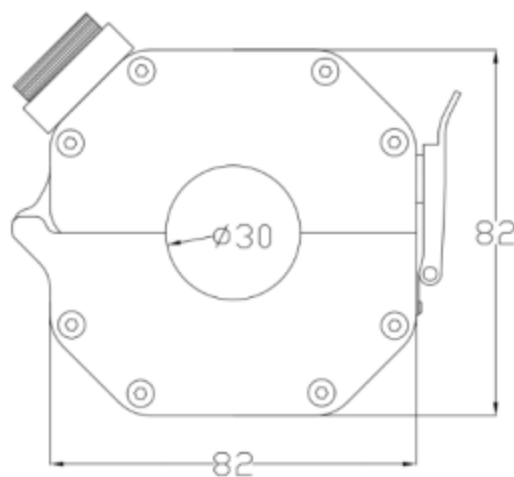


Front view



Side view

4.3.- HFCT dimension: 82*82*32mm (W*H*D), hole size: 30mm

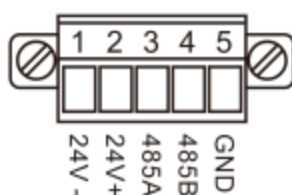


Front view



Side view

4.4.- Terminal definition



No.	Marked	Notes
1-2	24V +/-	Power supply
3-4	RS485 +/-	Communication interface
5	GND	Grounding

5.- COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

This document defines the communication protocol specification of SCM-PDS-, please strictly follow this communication protocol to connect with the device. Baud rate: 9600; data bits: 8; parity bit N; stop bit: 1

5.1.- MODBUS © protocol

Modbus RTU Frame Format:

Host inquiry:

Address code	1 BYTE	Slave device address 1-247
Function code	1 BYTE	Function codes
Data code	4 BYTES	Starting address, high byte Starting address, low byte Number of registers, high byte Number of registers, low byte
Error Check code	2 BYTES	Cyclical redundancy check (CRC)

Slave response:

Address code	1 BYTE	Slave device address 1-247
Function code	1 BYTE	Function codes
Data length	N	Total data length
Data range	-	Data area
Error Check code	2 BYTES	Cyclical redundancy check (CRC)

MODBUS FUNCTIONS

Code	Meaning	Description
FUNCTION 03	Read holding register	Read device setting data
FUNCTION 04	Read input register	Read device measurement data
FUNCTION 06	Write single register	Writes a value into a single holding register.
FUNCTION 10	Write multiple register	Writes values into multiple holding registers

Note:

Starting address:0X0000, the first byte is the high bit, and the second byte is the low bit.

5.2.- Register Map

5.2.1.- Reading the setting value, read only, Fun 03 to read.

Register	Byte mode		Definition
0x00	INT	1	Device address
0x01	INT	1	Baud rate: 1: 4800; 2:9600 (Default) 3:19200; 4:38400; 5:115200
0x02	INT	1	HFCT alarm amplitude threshold
0x03	INT	1	HFCT alarm times threshold

5.2.2.- Reading the device collected data, read only, Fun 04 to read.

Register	Byte mode		Data
0x00	INT	1	HFCT discharge times
0x01	INT	1	HFCT discharge amplitude value
0x02	INT	1	HFCT discharge average value
0x03	INT	1	HFCT alarm status: 0-normal/ 1-alarm

5.2.3.- Writing the single setting value, write only, Fun 06 to write.

Register	Definition	
0x00	Device address	
0x01	Baud rate: 1: 4800; 2:9600 (Default) 3:19200; 4:38400; 5:115200	
0x02	HFCT alarm amplitude threshold	
0x03	HFCT alarm times threshold	

5.2.4.- Writing the multiple setting value, write only, Fun 10 to write.

Register	Definition	
0x00	Device address	
0x01	Baud rate: 1: 4800; 2:9600 (Default) 3:19200; 4:38400; 5:115200	
0x02	HFCT alarm amplitude threshold	
0x03	HFCT alarm times threshold	

6.- SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS



All installation specification described at the previous chapters named:
INSTALLATION AND STARTUP, INSTALLATION MODES and SPECIFICATIONS.

Please note that with the instrument powered on, the terminals could be dangerous to touching and cover opening actions or elements removal may allow accessing dangerous parts. This instrument is factory-shipped at proper operation condition.

- ◆ The device must have a professional installation and maintenance.
- ◆ Any operation of the device, you must cut off the input signal and power.

7.- TECHNICAL SERVICE

For any inquiry about the instrument performance or whether any failure happens, contact to Blue Jay's technical service.

Blue Jay - After-sales service

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